



What reliable measurements can do to ensure the interoperability of electric grids for renewable energies?

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CENAM is the National Metrology Institute of México

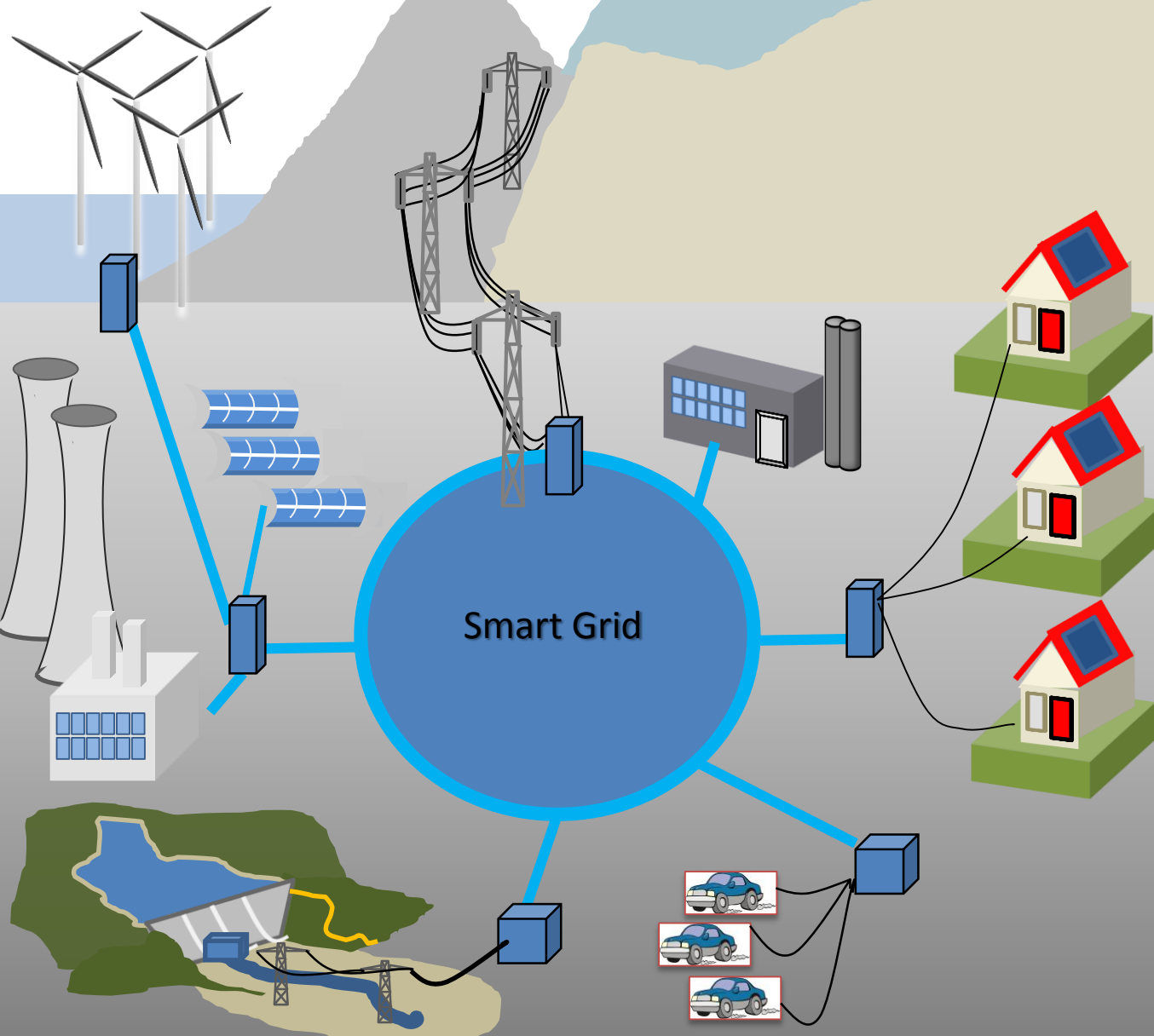
“Interoperability: the ability of two or more systems or components to exchange information and to use the information that has been exchanged”

IEC Smart Grid Standardization Roadmap/1/2010

Interoperability in Smart Grids:

- ◆ Syntactic interoperability: the ability to communicate and exchange data (standardized data formats and protocols)
- ◆ Semantic interoperability: the ability to automatically interpret the exchanged data

Renewable energies in Smart Grid planning



Needs:

- Bidirectional power flow measurement
- Remote and Local Generation
- Wide Area Networks: monitoring, protection and control
- Fluctuating energy sources (wind, photovoltaic, geothermal, wave)
- Smart metering: energy use savings

Musts:

- Measurement of large amounts of power at the right time & place
- New measurement tools and methods

Renewable energies in Smart Grid planning



Intermittent generation



Non lineal loads

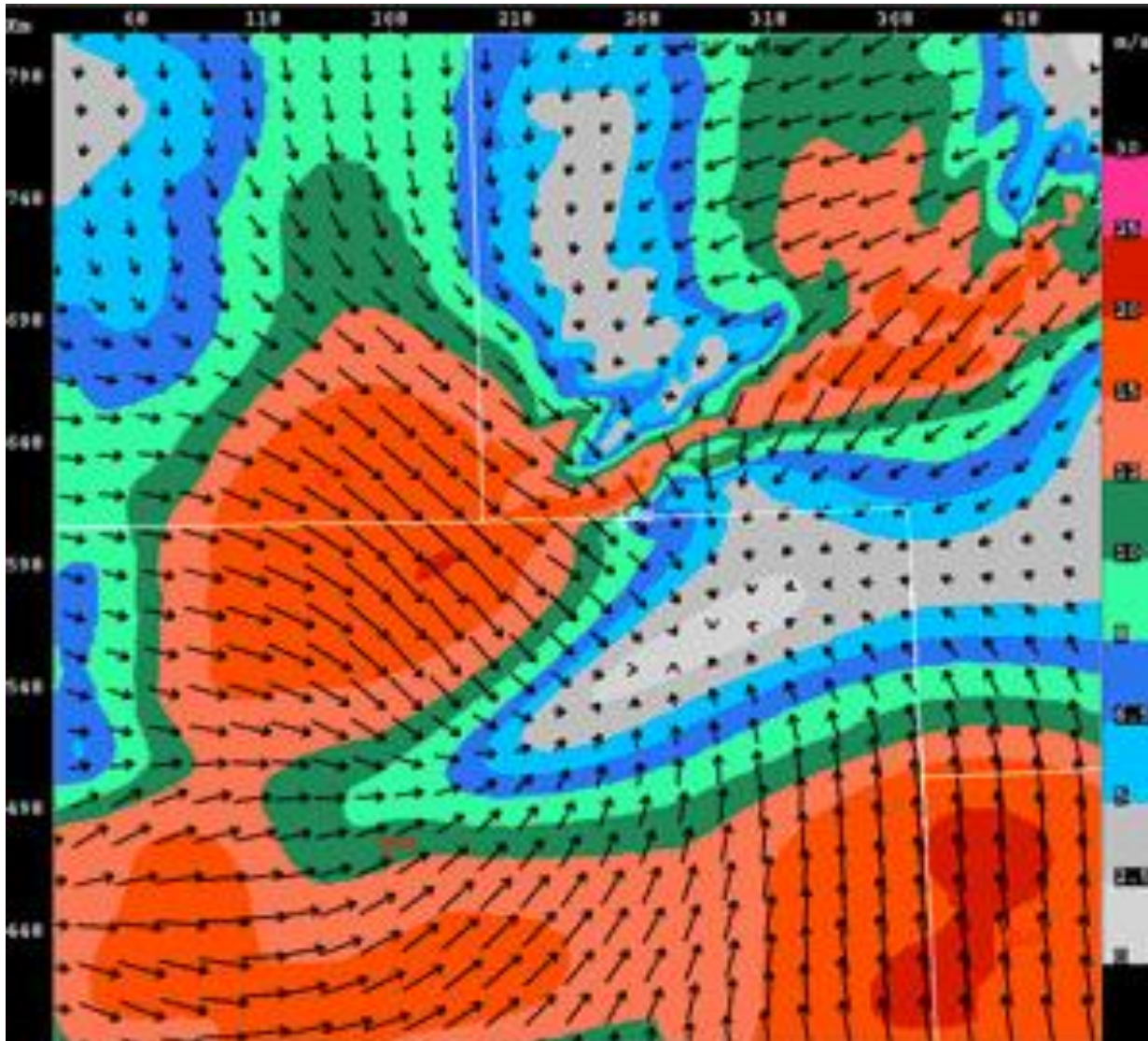


Vulnerability to the Quality of Power in the grid



Time varying loads

- Technology standards
- Real time measurement tools and methods



Intermittent by nature

Variational Doppler Radar Analysis System (VDRAS). Colorado and neighbor states, USA.

Wind speed:

gray: reduced wind speed

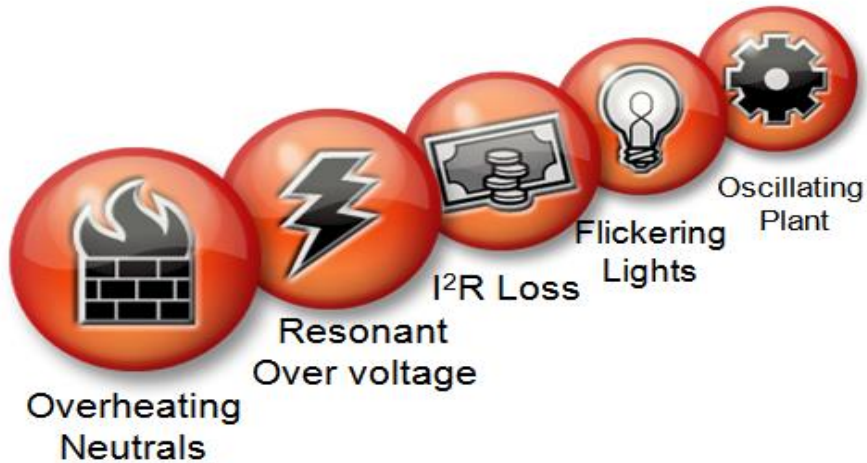
Red: increased wind speed

Image: NACAR/IEEE Spectrum, March 2016

Taming Wind Power With Better Forecasts Sophisticated weather simulations are making wind power more grid friendly, Sue Ellen Haupt & William P. Mahoney

Operating conditions of the turbine	Characteristics of Quality of Power of a Wind Turbine to be determined/tested	
Continuous operation	Flicker coefficient determined at different phase angles of impedance of the network	
Switching conditions	Maximum number of switching operations @ 10 min and 2 h.	Flicker at different phase angles of the impedance of the network
Current harmonics, interharmonics	Percentage of the fundamental current component . 50 ^a harmonic	BIN's of active power: 0, 10 ... 100 %
Response to voltage drops	Voltage amplitude	Duration and waveform
Active power	Set point control	Supporting the frequency automatic control
Reactive power	Set point control	Supporting the voltage automatic control
Grid protection	Disconnection levels	Disconnection times
Reconnection time	Due to faults on the network	

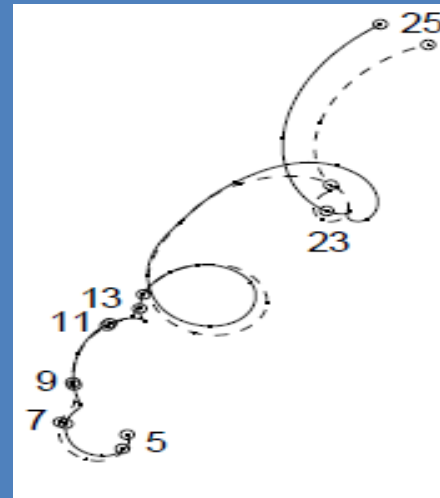
Renewable energies: power quality



Wide Area Quality of Power

Study (Leonardo Institute):

“PQ costs in Europe are responsible for serious reduction in industrial performance with an economic impact exceeding € 150 bn/year”

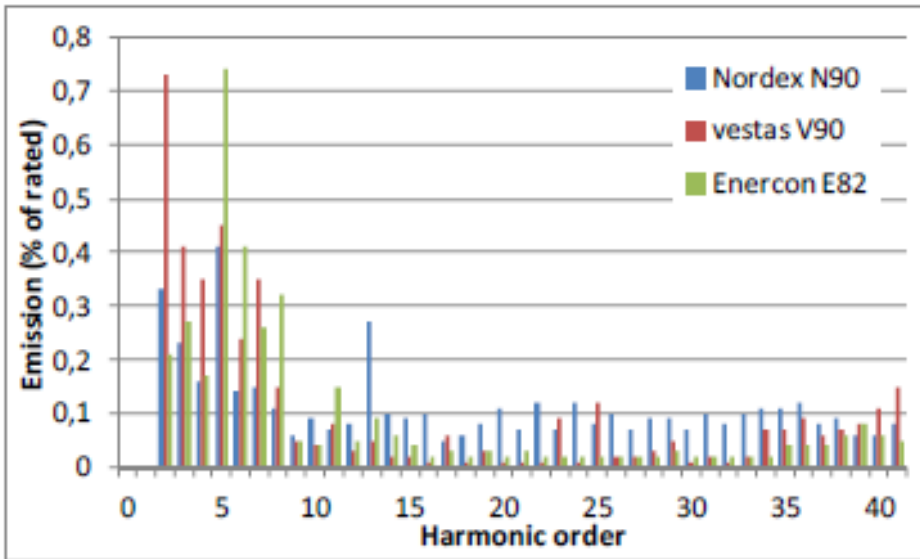


Network impedance

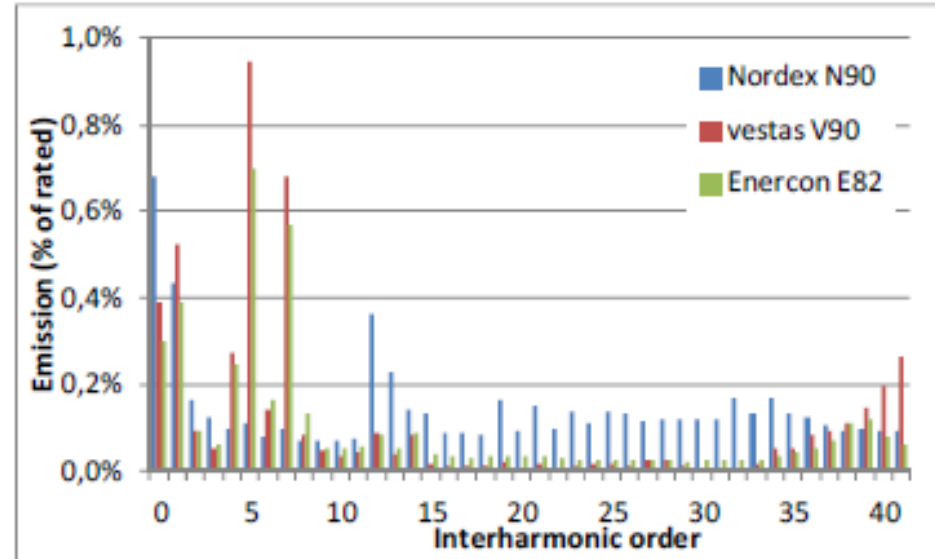


On-site tests on renewable sources

Renewable energies: wind turbine power quality



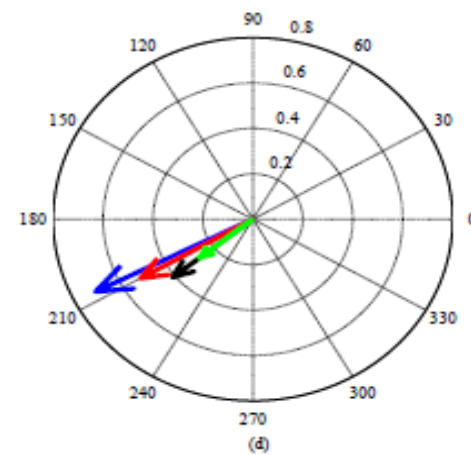
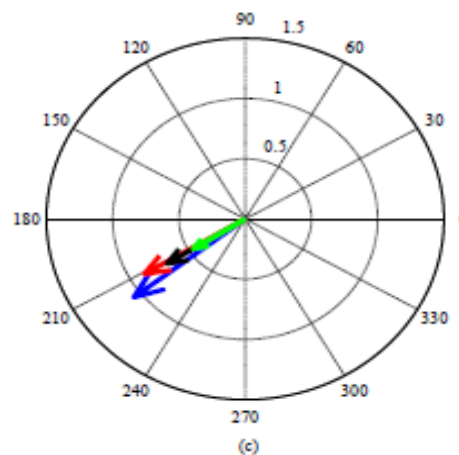
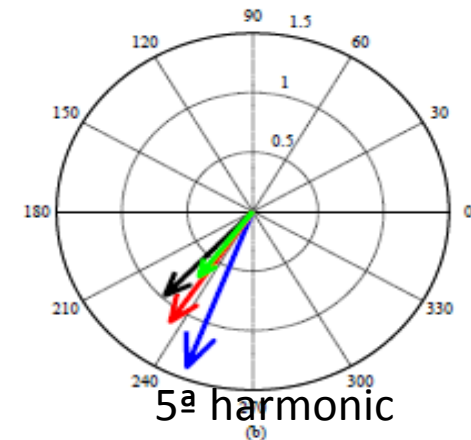
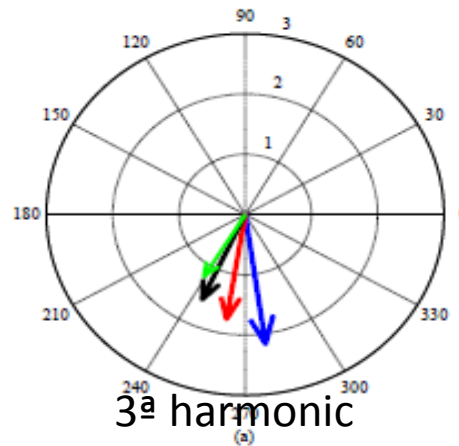
Emission spectrum (harmonic subgroups)
from three modern MW-class wind turbines
(2 to 2.5 MW)



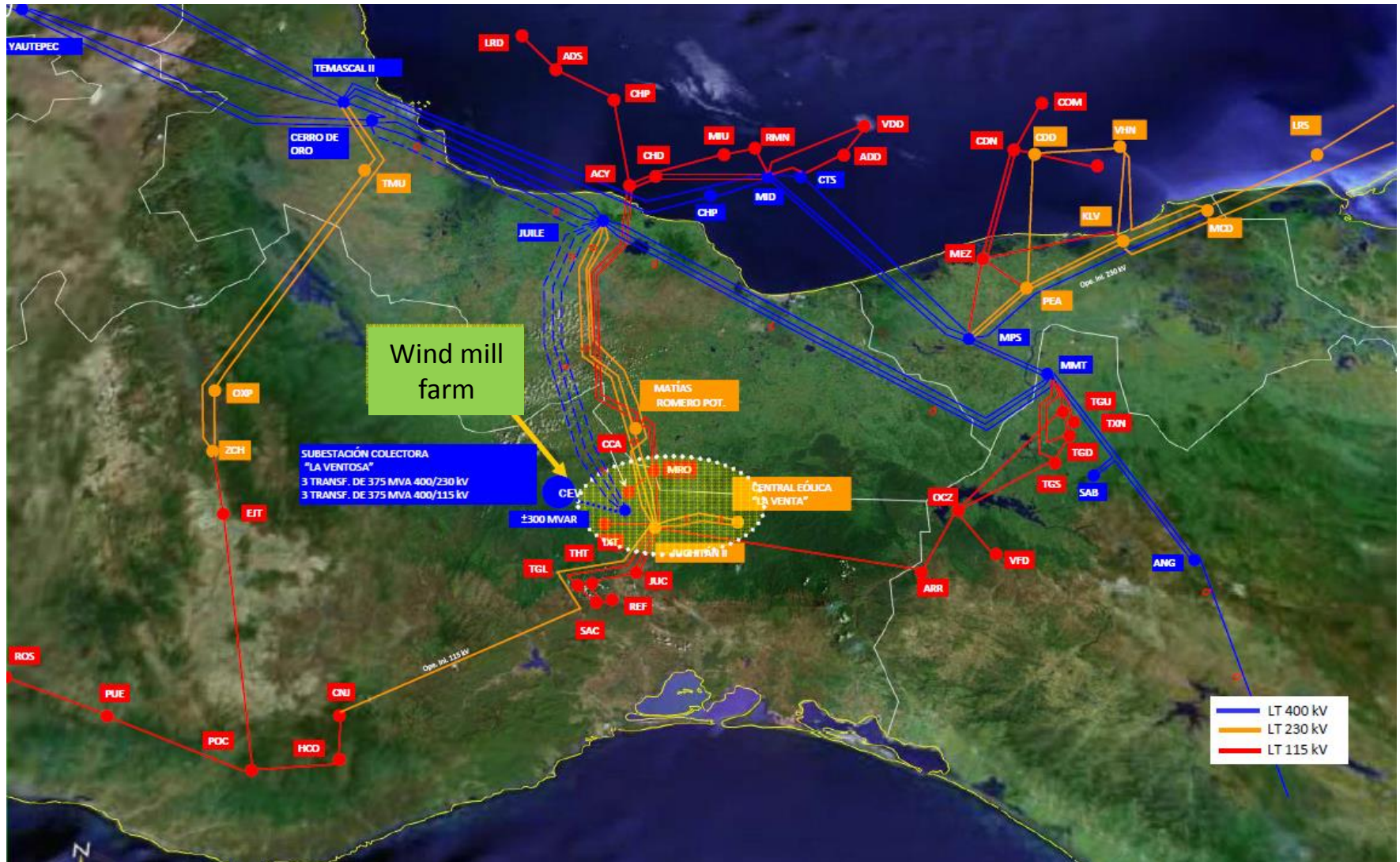
Emission spectrum (interharmonic subgroups)
from three modern MW-class wind turbines
(2 to 2.5 MW)

The effects of harmonics on the phase angle of a PV inverter

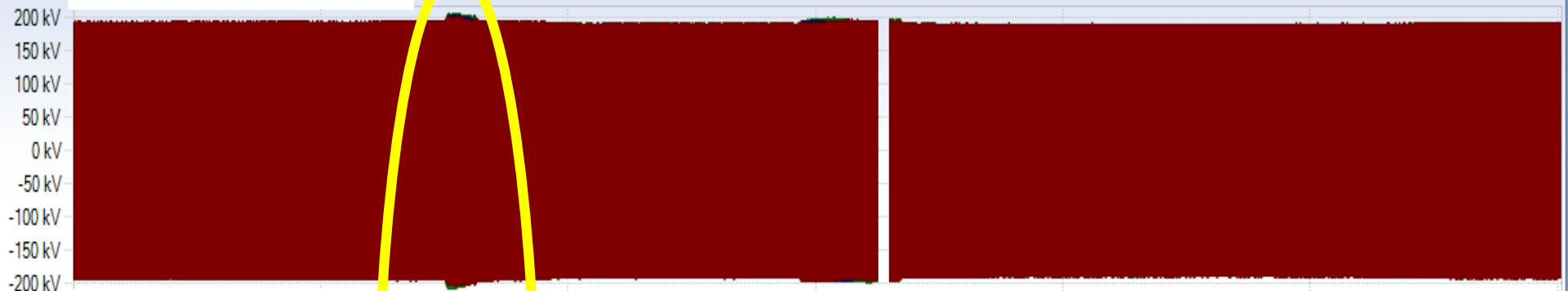
Power:
100 % (blue)
75 % (red)
50 % (black)
25 % (green)



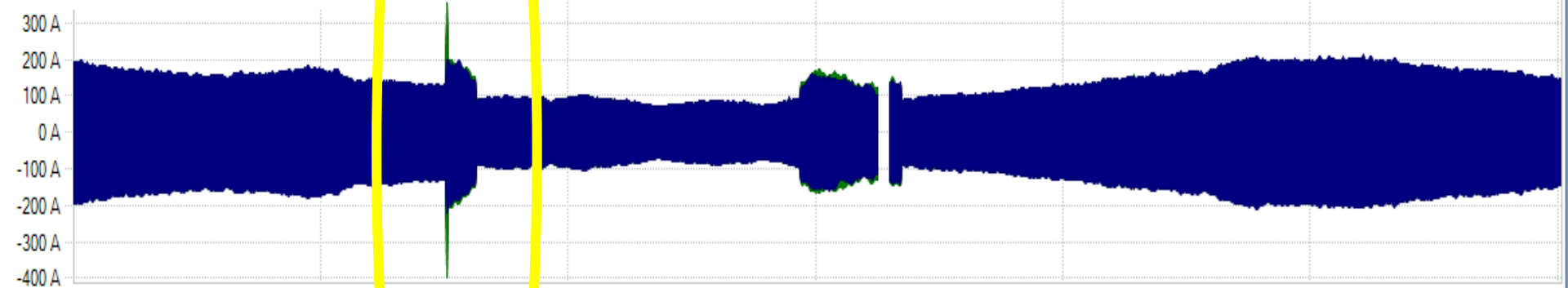
Reliable measurements: syntactic and semantic interoperability



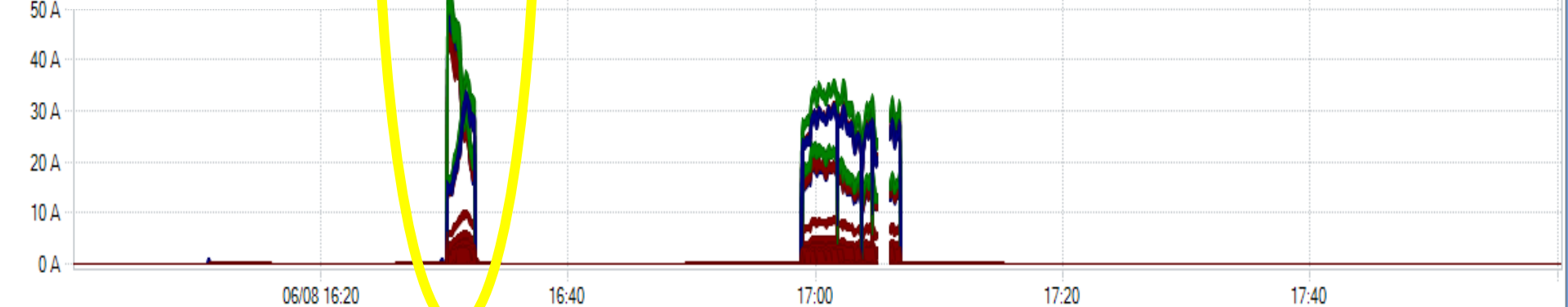
Voltage waveform



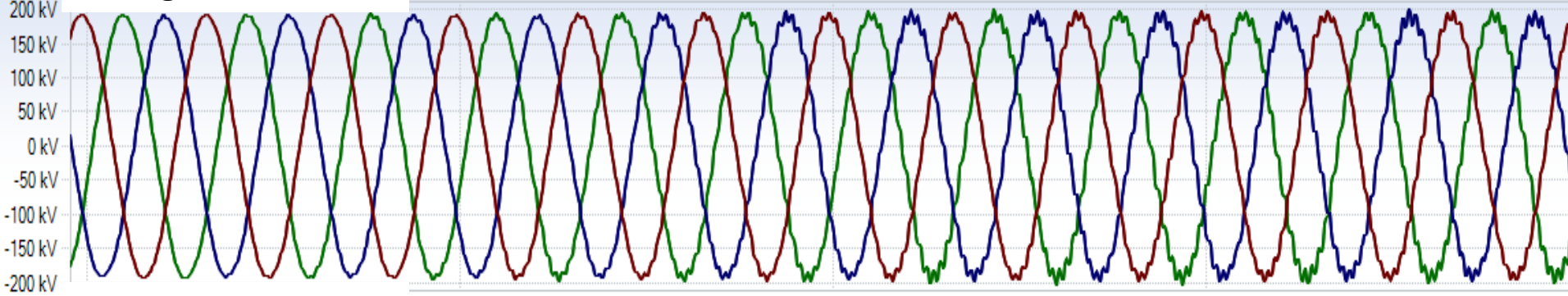
Current waveform



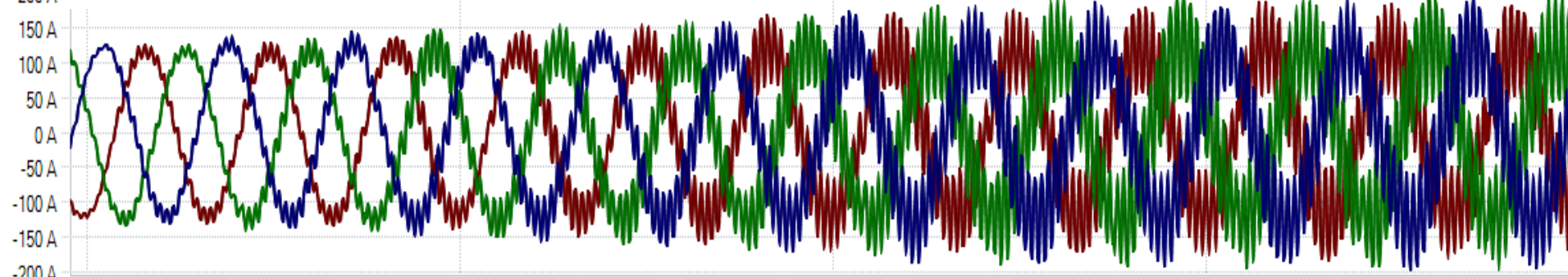
Current harmonics



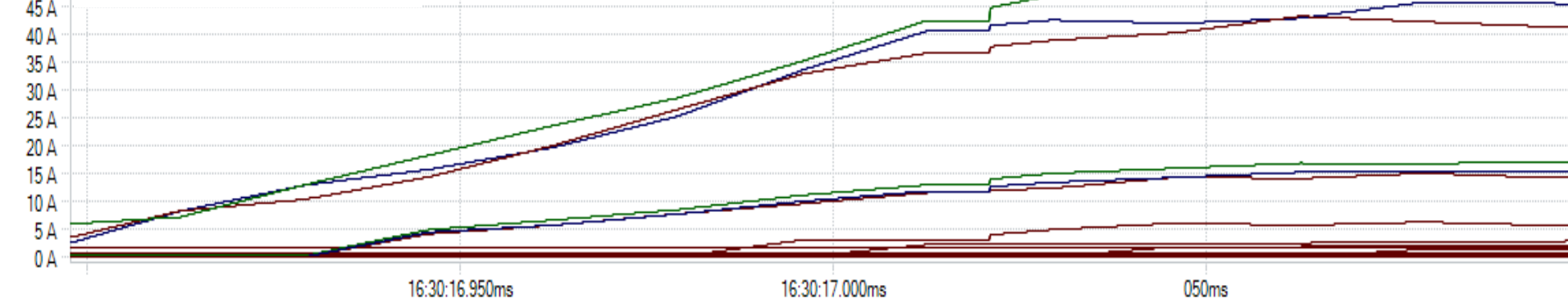
Voltage waveform



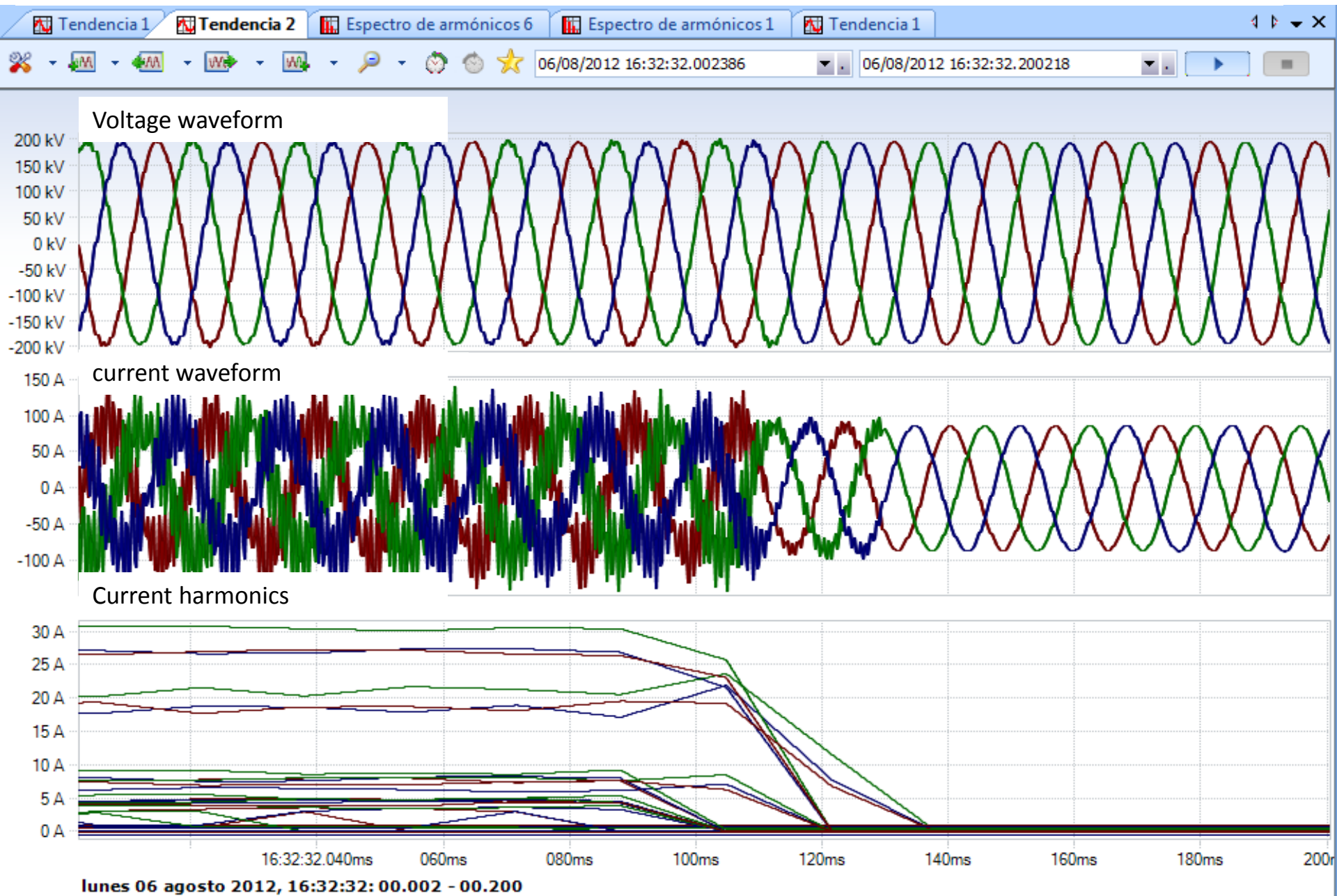
Current waveform



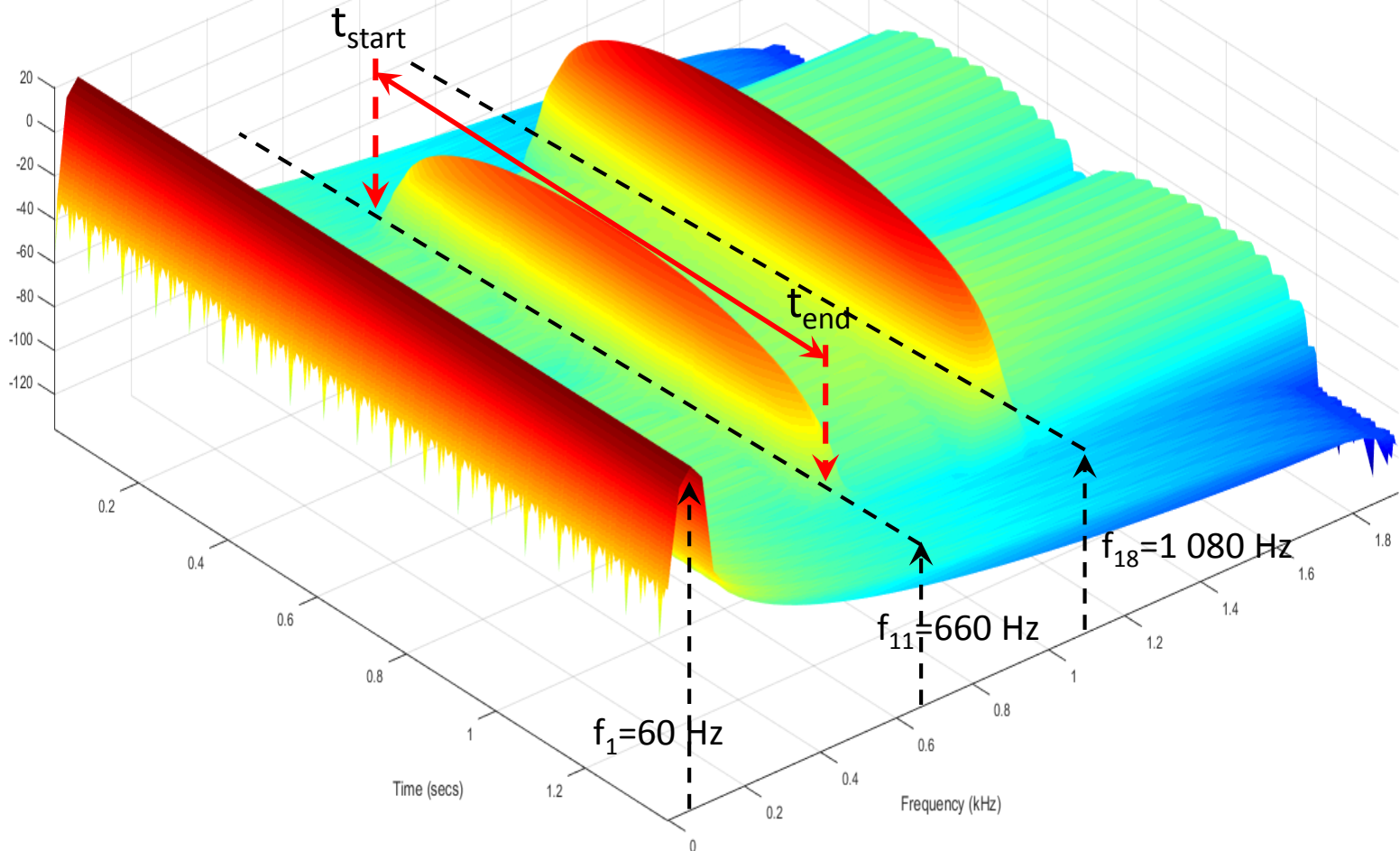
Current harmonics



Harmonic distortion ends at 16:32:32 due to the opening of the high voltage circuit

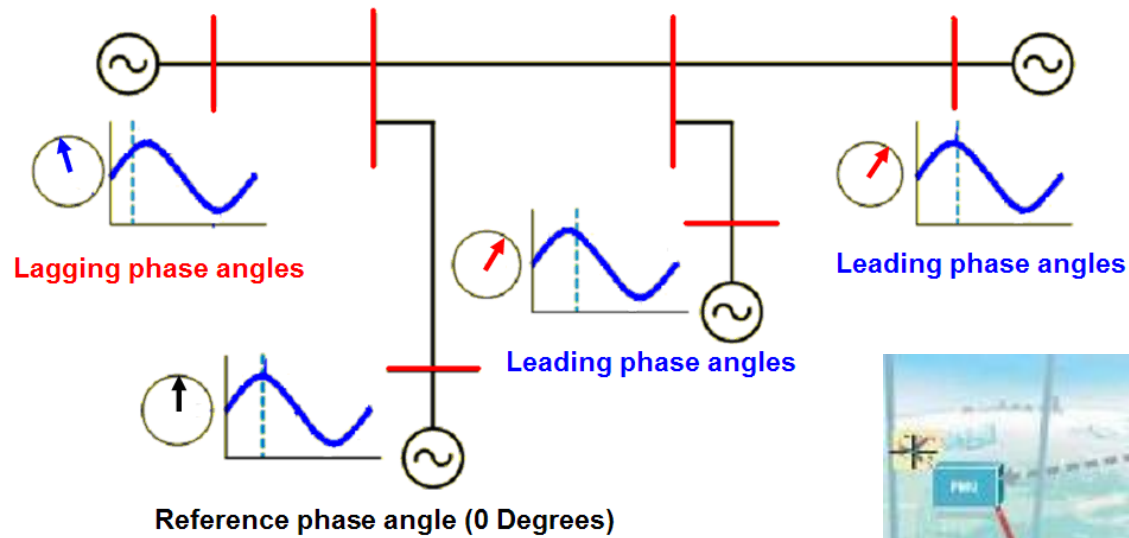


Time and Frequency Measurement Method/CENAM



Analysis of the current during the fault: harmonics 11th and 18th

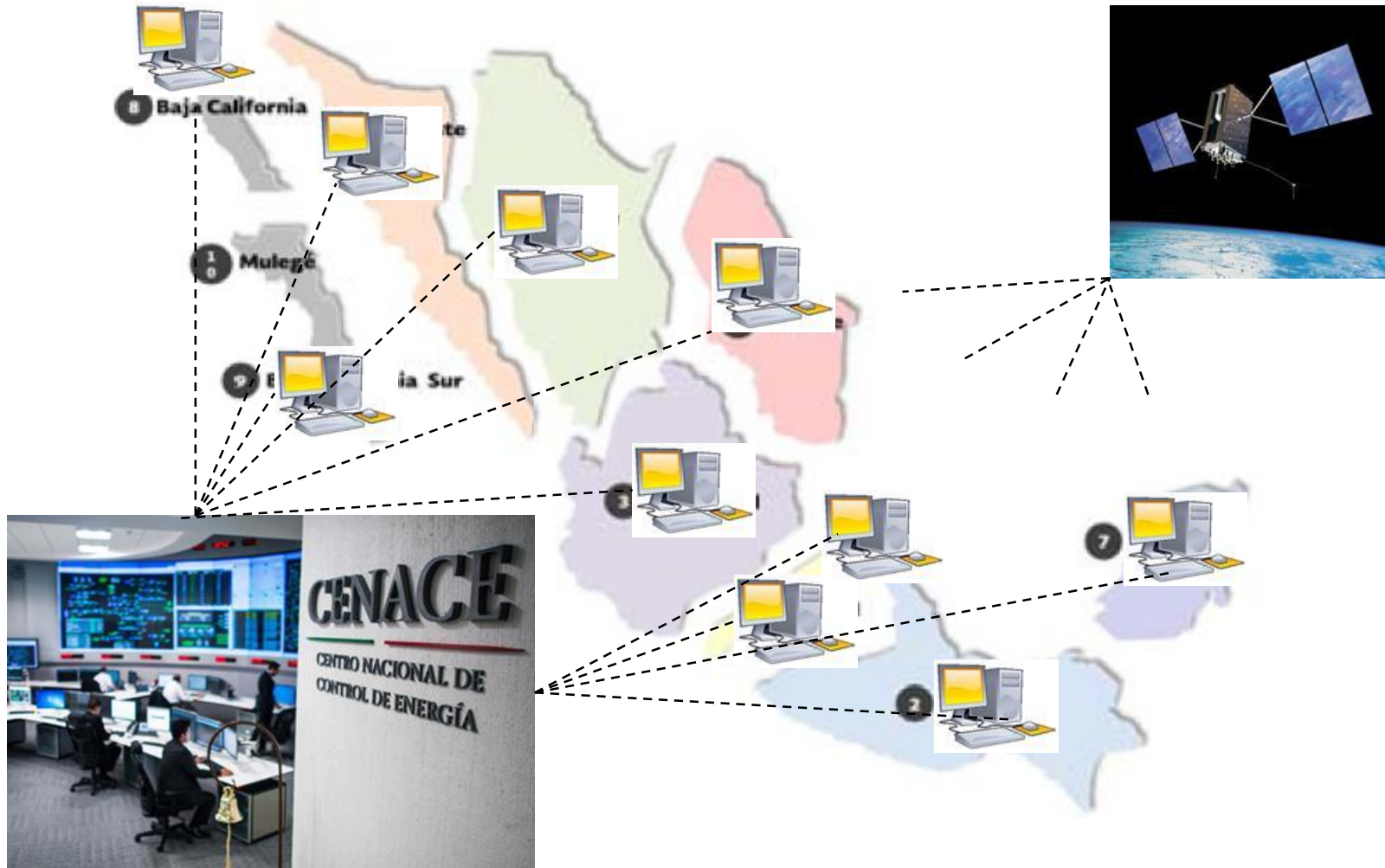
IEEE Std. C37.118.1- 2011/ 2014. Synchrophasor Measurements for Power Systems



Source: Real Time Dynamics Monitoring System

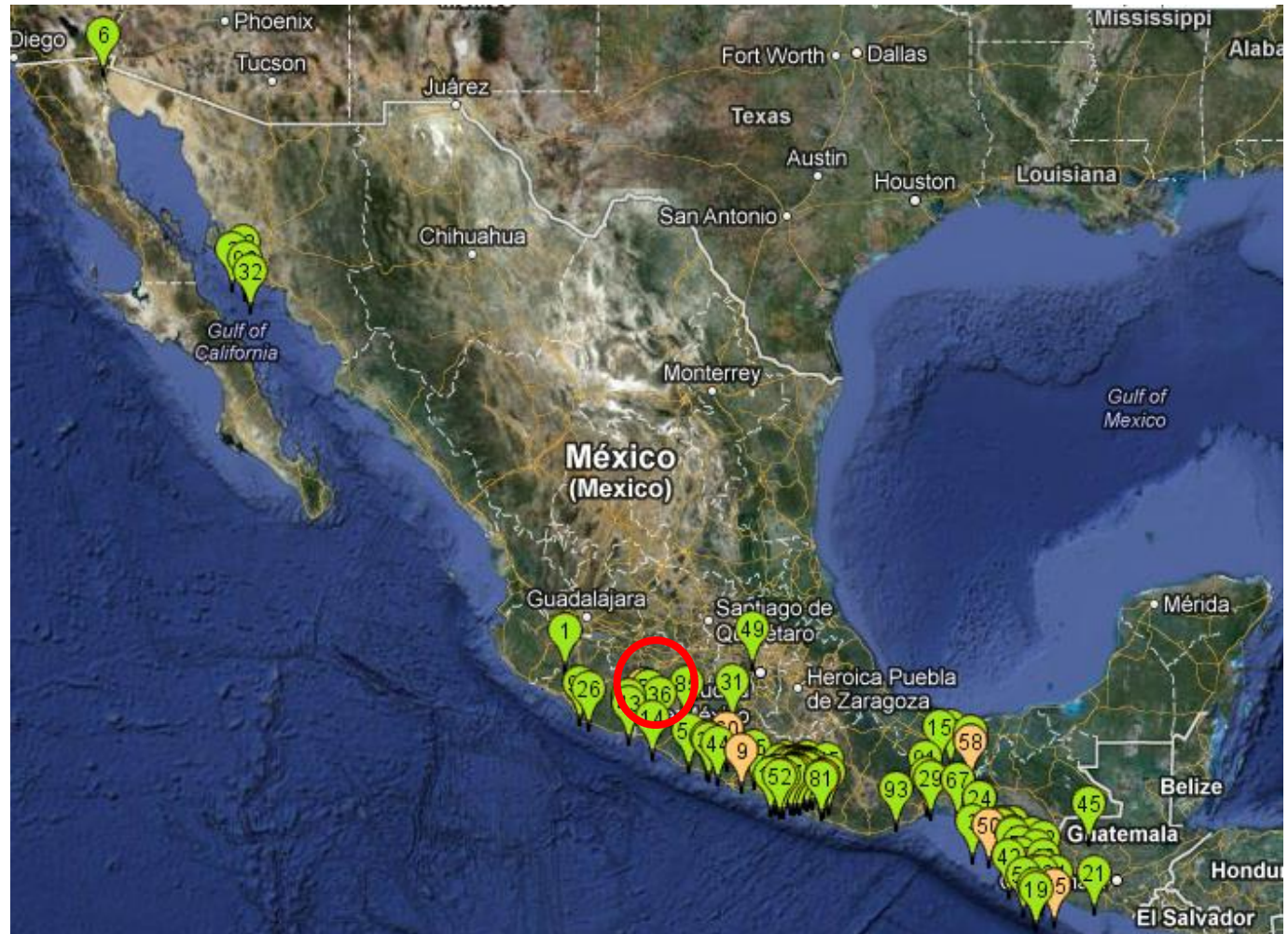


Synchrophasor data streaming (PMUs)/México

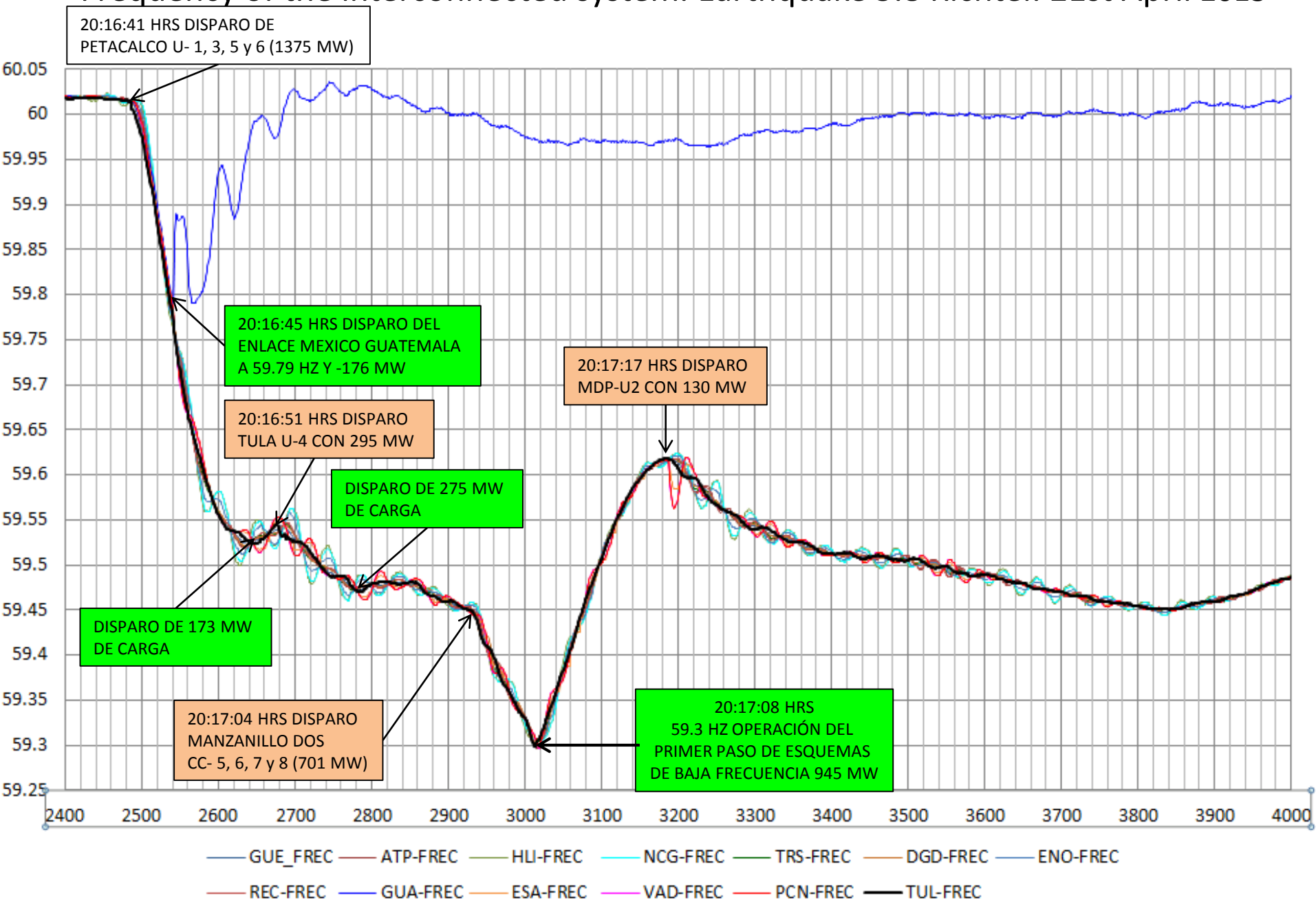


Source: Centro Nacional de Control de Energía, México City

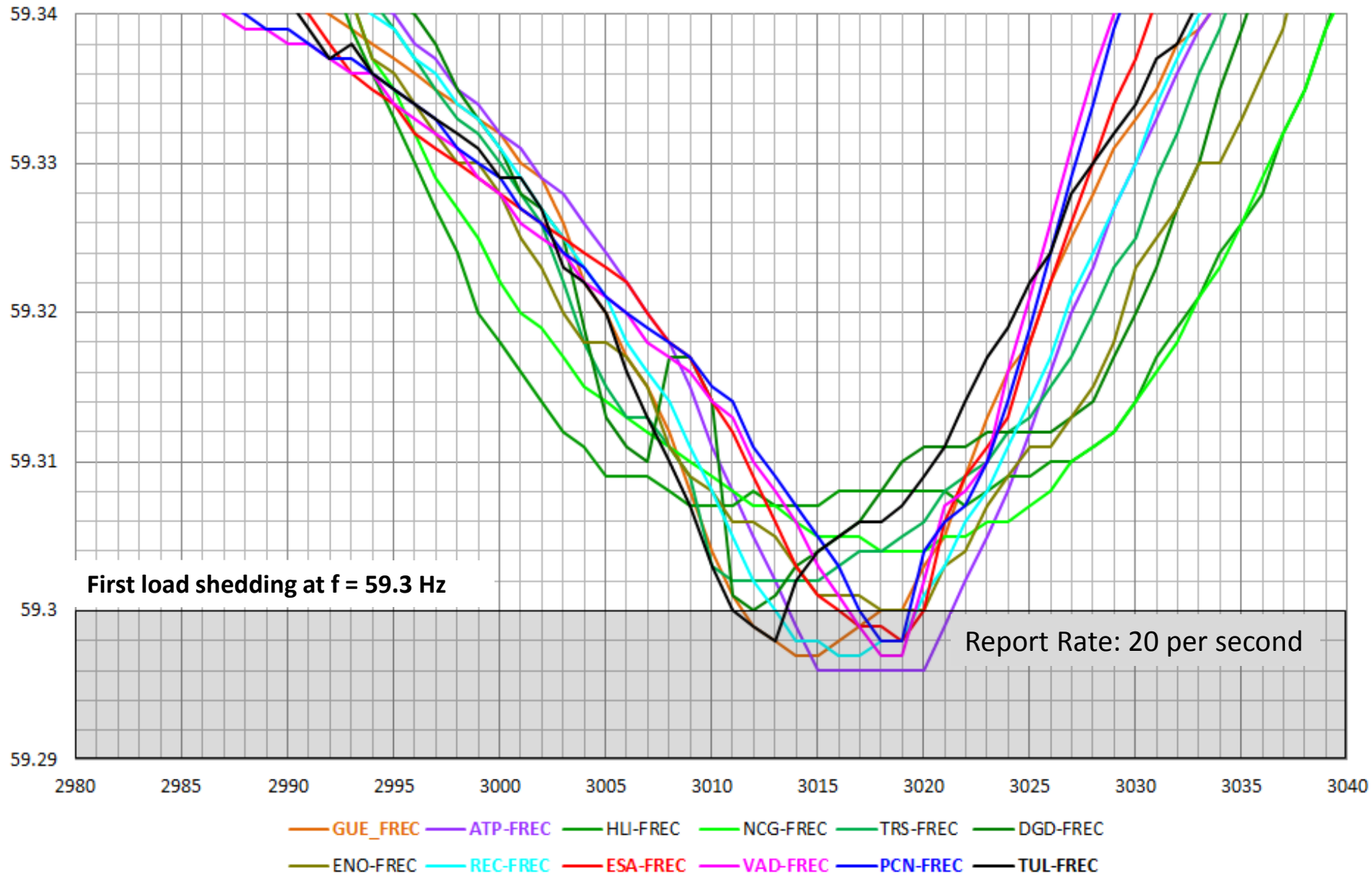
Operation of the
under frequency
scheme of the
interconnected
power system in
México,
20:16:40. 21st April
2013



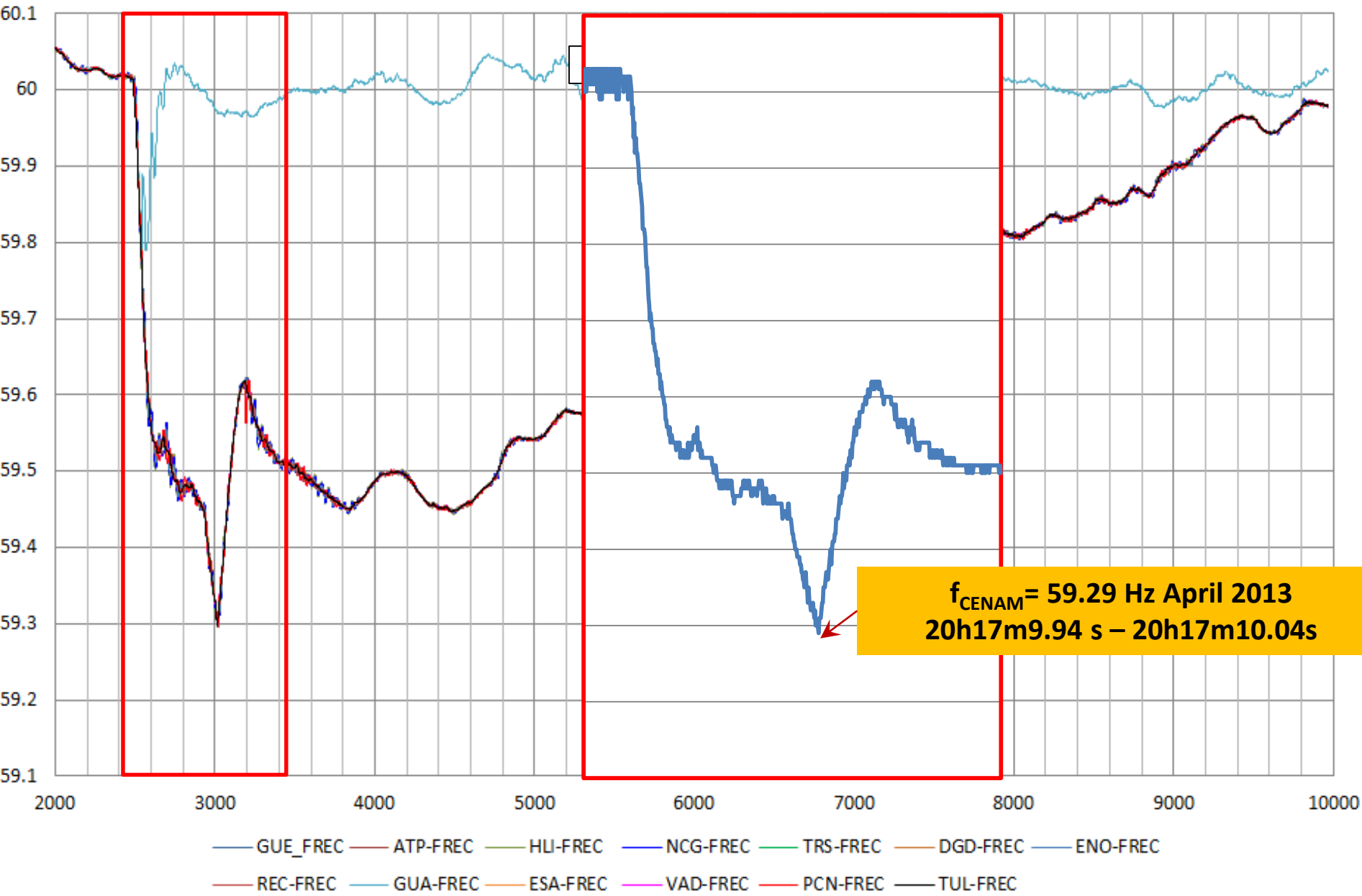
Frequency of the interconnected system. Earthquake 5.8 Richter. 21st April 2013



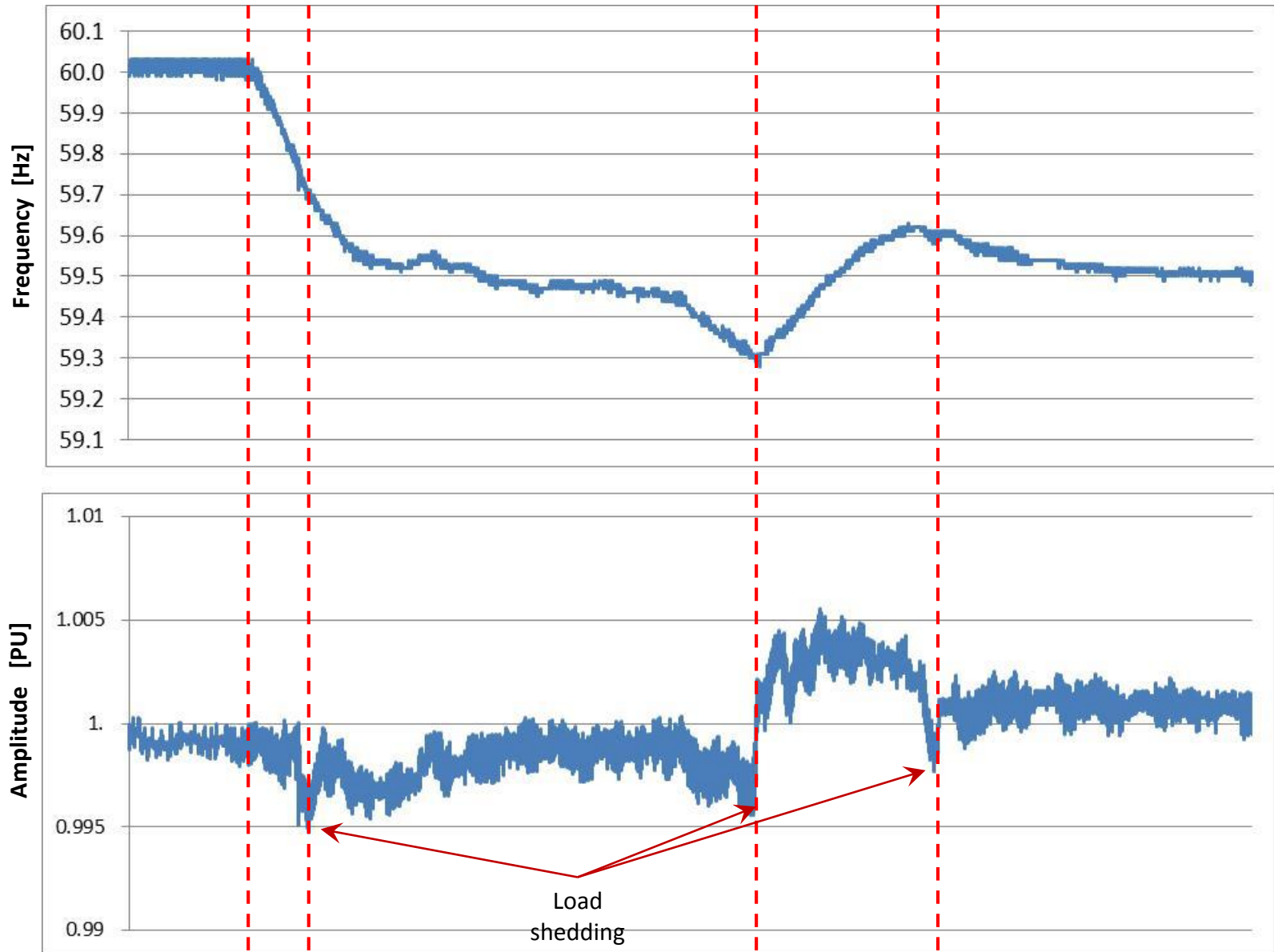
Frequency of the interconnected system. Earthquake 5.8 Richter. 21st April 2013



Measurements carried out by CENAM, 2014



Simultaneous measurement of amplitude and frequency/ CENAM



Authorized CFE-Transmisión-2014

- ✓ Compared to conventional generation (thermal power, hydropower, nuclear generation), renewable energies (wind, solar, geothermal) are much more uncertain.
- ✓ One important task of Smart Grid is to provide an interoperability infrastructure for free and safe interconnection of renewable energy generation to power systems.
- ✓ The main role of reliable measurements in Smart Grid is to ensure the syntactic and semantic interoperability as the base to communicate and exchange data, and to automatically interpret the exchanged data

Thanks



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